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PATENT

Preliminary Classification:

Proposed Class:

Subclass:

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE U.S. DESIGNATED OFFICE (DO/US)--
 ENTRY INTO THE U.S. NATIONAL STAGE UNDER CHAPTER I**

| | | |
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| International Application Number | International Filing Date | International Earliest Priority Date |

TITLE OF INVENTION: CLOSURE DEVICE

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/US: THE GLAD PRODUCTS COMPANY; Alan, F. Savicki, Sr.

Box PCT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

CERTIFICATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. SECTION 1.10*

(Express Mail label number is **mandatory**.)

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I hereby certify that this paper, along with any document referred to, is being deposited with the United States Postal Service on this date February 5, 2002, in an envelope as "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee," mailing Label Number EL563646015US, addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

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(Transmittal Letter to the United States Designated Office (DO/US - Entry into National Stage under 35 U.S.C. Section 371--
 page 1 of 4

Washington D.C. 20231
 ATTENTION: DO/US

1. Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated Office (DO/US) the following items under 35 U.S.C. Section 371:

This express request to immediately begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. Section 371(f)). The U.S. National Fee (U.S.C. Section 371(c)(1)) and other fees (37 C.F.R. Section 1.492), as indicated below:

2. Fees

| CLAIMS FEE* | (1) FOR | (2) NUMBER FILED | (3) NUMBER EXTRA | (4) RATE | (5) CALCULATIONS |
|--------------|---|------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|
| BASIC FEE | TOTAL CLAIMS | 14 -20 = | 0 | x \$18.00 = | \$0.00 |
| | INDEPENDENT CLAIMS | 3 - 3 = | 0 | x \$80.00 = | \$0.00 |
| | MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable) + \$270 | | | | \$0.00 |
| | The international search fee, as set forth in Section 1.445(a)(2) to be paid to the US PTO acting as an international Searching Authority: has been paid (37 CFR 1.492(a)(2)) \$710.00 | | | | \$710.00 |
| | Total of above Calculations | | | | = \$710.00 |
| SMALL ENTITY | Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Affidavit must be filed (note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28). | | | | - \$0.00 |
| | Subtotal | | | | \$710.00 |
| | Total National Fee | | | | \$710.00 |
| | Fee for recording the enclosed assignment document \$40.00 (37 CFR 1.21(h)). (See Item below). See attached "ASSIGNMENT COVER SHEET". | | | | \$40.00 |
| TOTAL | Total Fees enclosed | | | | \$750.00 |

Please charge Account No. 03 2270 in the amount of \$750.00.
 A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

3. A copy of the International application as filed (35 U.S.C. Section 371(c)(2)) is transmitted herewith.

4. A translation of the International application into the English language (35 U.S.C. Section 371(c)(2)) is not required as the application was filed in English.

5. An oath or declaration, including power of attorney, of the inventor (35 U.S.C. Section 371(c)(4)) complying with 35 U.S.C. Section 115 is enclosed.

II. Other document(s) or information included:

6. An international Search Report or Declaration under PCT Article 17(2)(a) is transmitted herewith.

7. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 C.F.R. Sections 1.97 and 1.98 is transmitted herewith. Also transmitted herewith is (are) Form PTO-1449 (PTO/SB/08A and 08B), and copies of citations listed.

8. An assignment document is transmitted herewith for recording. A separate FORM PTO-1595 is also attached. Please mail the recorded assignment document to the person whose signature and address appears below.

9. Additional documents:

Copy of request (PCT/RO/101)

International Publication No. WO 01/94226

Specification, claims and drawing

10. The above checked items are being transmitted after publication and the article 20 communication, but before 20 months from the priority date.

AUTHORIZATION TO CHARGE ADDITIONAL FEES

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following additional fees that may be required by this paper and during the entire pendency of this application to Account No. 03 2270.

37 C.F.R. Section 1.492(a)(1), (2), (3), and (4) (filing fees)

37 C.F.R. Section 1.492(b), (c), and (d) (presentation of extra claims)

37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (application processing fees)

February 5, 2002



Thomas C. Feix
Registration No. 34,592
THE CLOROX COMPANY
P.O. Box 24305
Oakland, CA 94623-1305
510-271-7417

7/pvt

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CLOSURE DEVICE

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to closure devices and, more particularly, a closure device providing visible confirmation of occlusion. The invention is particularly well suited for use on flexible storage containers, including plastic bags.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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The use of closure devices for fastening storage containers, including plastic bags, is generally known. Furthermore, the manufacture of closure devices made of plastic materials is generally known to those skilled in the art, as demonstrated by the numerous patents in this area.

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A particularly well-known use for closure devices is in connection with flexible storage containers, such as plastic bags. In some instances, the closure device and the associated container are formed from thermoplastic materials, and the closure device and the sidewalls of the container are integrally formed by extrusion as a single piece. Alternatively, the closure device and sidewalls of the container may be formed as separate pieces and then connected by heat sealing or any other suitable connecting process. In either event, such closure devices are particularly useful in providing a closure means for retaining matter within the bag.

The invention provides a closure device in combination
10 with visible confirmation of closure. In addition, the
invention provides that visible confirmation can be observed
from the top of the closure device.

15

In addition, the fastening strips have a visual indication of occlusion of the closure device. Thus a user will be able to visually confirm that the closure device has been properly occluded, not only while in the process of occluding the closure device, but also after the closure device has been occluded. The visible indication of occlusion will be observed from the top of the closure device. The closure elements have a first color and the flanges have a second color. If the fastening strips are

properly occluded the first color will not be visible by viewing the top of the closure device.

The present invention will become more readily apparent upon reading the following detailed description of exemplified embodiments and upon reference to the accompanying drawings herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a container according to the present invention in the form of a plastic bag;

Fig. 2 is a top view of the container in Fig. 1;

15

Fig. 3 is a cross-sectional view of the fastening strips along line 3-3 in Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is a cross-sectional view of the fastening strips along line 4-4 in Fig. 2;

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Fig. 5 is a top view of the container in Fig 1 and illustrates an unoccluded portion in the fastening strips;

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Fig. 6 is a cross-sectional view of fastening strips;

Fig. 7 is a cross-sectional view of another embodiment of fastening strips;

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Fig. 8 is a cross-sectional view of another embodiment of fastening strips; and

Fig. 9 is a cross-sectional view of another embodiment of fastening strips.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

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Fig. 1 illustrates an embodiment of a container in the form of a plastic bag 120 having a sealable closure device 121. The bag 120 includes a first sidewall 122 and a second sidewall 123 joined at seams 124, 125 to define a compartment accessible through the open top end but sealable by means of the closure device 121.

The closure device 121 includes first and second fastening strips 130, 131 and a slider 132. The fastening strips 130, 131 and the slider 132 have a longitudinal X axis 102, a transverse Y axis 104 and a vertical Z axis 106. The transverse Y axis 104 is perpendicular to the longitudinal X axis 102. The vertical Z axis 106 is perpendicular to the longitudinal X axis 102 and the vertical Z axis 106 is perpendicular to the transverse Y axis 104.

The first fastening strip 130 is attached to the first sidewall 122 near the top end of the bag 120. The second fastening strip 131 is attached to the second sidewall 123 near the top end of the bag 120. The fastening strips 130, 131 are located across from and substantially parallel to each other and are configured to allow the fastening strips 130, 131 to be able to interlock. The slider 132 is mounted onto the fastening strips 130, 131 so that the slider 132 is restrained from being removed from the fastening strips 130, 131 but free to slide along the X axis 102. The slider 132

engages the fastening strips 130, 131 so that when the slider 132 moves in an occlusion direction 114, the fastening strips 130, 131 occlude and the bag 120 is sealed, and when the slider 132 moves in a deocclusion direction 116, the fastening strips 130, 131 deocclude or separate and the bag 120 is open.

Referring to Figs. 2-4, the first fastening strip 130 includes a first closure element 134 and the second fastening strip 131 includes a second closure element 136. The first closure element 134 has a first color. The second closure element 136 may have the first color, another color or no color. The first fastening strip 130 may include a flange 138 which extends inwardly toward the second fastening strip 131. The flange 138 may have a second color, another color or no color. The second fastening strip 131 may include a flange 139 which extends inwardly toward the first fastening strip 130. The flange 139 may have a second color, another color or no color.

In another embodiment, the flange may be part of the closure element as shown in Fig. 6, but the flange may have a color different than the closure element as noted above.

Figs. 3 and 4 show the fastening strips in the deoccluded and occluded positions and illustrate the color changes when viewed from the top of the fastening strips in the Z axis 106.

Fig. 3 shows the fastening strips 130, 131 in the deoccluded position. The fastening strips 130, 131 may be viewed from the top of the fastening strips in the Z axis 106

along lines of sight 150, 152, 154, 156. When the fastening strips 130, 131 are viewed along line of sight 150 or line of sight 156, the color of the flanges 138, 139 will be observed. If the fastening strips 130, 131 are viewed from above along line of sight 152 or line of sight 154, the color of the closure elements 134, 136 will be observed.

Fig. 4 shows the fastening strips 130, 131 in the occluded position. Lines of sight 160, 162 illustrate how the fastening strips 130, 131 may be viewed from the top of the fastening strips in the Z axis 106. When the fastening strips 130, 131 are viewed along line of sight 160 or line of sight 162, only the color of the flanges 138, 139 will be observed. In addition, when the fastening strips 130, 131 are fully occluded, the color of the closure elements 134, 136 will not be observed. If the color of the closure elements 134, 136 are observed from above, then this situation is a visual indication that the fastening strips 130, 131 are partially deoccluded as shown in Fig 5.

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Fig. 5 shows a top view of the container and illustrates the slider 132 moved in the occlusion direction. The fastening strips 130, 131 are not fully occluded, and contain a deoccluded portion 170 wherein the fastening strips 130, 131 are partially deoccluded. A partial cross-section of the fastening strips 130, 131 through the deoccluded portion 170 would be similar to Fig. 3. When the deoccluded portion 170 is viewed from above, the color of the closure elements 134, 136 will be observed, indicating that the fastening strips 130, 131 are partially deoccluded.

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The color of the closure elements 134, 136 and the flanges 138, 139 may be varied in several ways. In a first example, the closure elements 134, 136 may be a first color and the flanges 138, 139 may be a second color.

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In a second example, the closure elements 134, 136 may be a first color and the flanges 138, 139 may be a translucent second color. When viewed from the top of the closure device, the second color may visually combine with the first color to create a third color. For example, the first color may be yellow and the second color may be translucent blue and the third color may be green.

In a third example, the closure element 134 may be a first color, the closure element 136 may be a second color and the flanges 138, 139 may be a third color.

In a fourth example, the closure element 134 may be a first color, the closure element 136 may be a second color, the flange 138 may be a third color and the flange 139 may be a fourth color.

In a fifth example, the closure element 134 may have a first color, the closure element 136 may have a second color and the flanges 138, 139 may be clear (i.e., no color). If the fastening strips are occluded and viewed from the top of the fastening strips, the user may see a combined third color which is a combination of the first and second colors, or the user may see that the first and second colors are reduced in color intensity or the first and second colors are eliminated depending upon the clarity of the flanges.

250, 251 extending from the base portion 248. The base and the webs form a U-channel closure element. The webs 250, 251 include hook closure portions 252, 254 extending from the webs 250, 251 respectively and facing away from each other. 5 The hook closure portions 252, 254 include guide surfaces 245, 255, which generally serve to guide the hook closure portions 252, 254 for occlusion with the hook closure portions 242, 244 of the second closure element 234. The guide surfaces 245, 255 may also have a rounded crown 10 surface.

The slider 232 includes a top portion 272. The top portion provides a separator 243 having a first end and a second end wherein the first end may be wider than the 15 second end. In addition, the separator 243 may be triangular in shape. When the slider is moved in the occlusion direction, the separator 243 deoccludes the fastening strips 230, 231 as shown in Fig. 6. Referring to Fig. 6, the closure elements 234, 236 are deoccluded and 20 specifically, the upper hook portions 242, 252 and the lower hook portions 244, 254 are deoccluded.

The interlocking fastening strips may comprise "arrowhead-type" or "rib and groove" fastening strips as 25 shown in Fig. 7 and as described in U.S. Patent 3,806,998. The rib element 305 interlocks with the groove element 307. The rib element 305 is of generally arrow-shape in transverse cross section including a head 310 comprising interlock shoulder hook portions 311 and 312 generally convergently 30 related to provide a cam ridge 313 generally aligned with a stem flange 314 by which the head is connected in spaced relation with respect to the supporting flange portion 308.

(U.S. Patent 3,806,998, Col. 2, lines 16-23). At their surfaces nearest the connecting stem flange 314, the shoulder portions 311 and 312 define reentrant angles therewith providing interlock hooks engageable with interlock hook flanges 315 and 317 respectively of the groove element 307. (U.S. Patent 3,806,998, Col. 2, lines 23-28). Said hook flanges generally converge toward one another and are spread open to receive the head 310 therebetween when said head is pressed into said groove element 307 until the head is fully received in a groove 318 of said groove element 307 generally complementary to the head and within which the head is interlocked by interengagement of the head shoulder hook portions 311 and 312 and the groove hook flanges 315 and 317. (U.S. Patent 3,806,998, Col. 2, lines 28-36). Through this arrangement, as indicated, the head and groove elements 305 and 307 are adapted to be interlockingly engaged by being pressed together and to be separated when forcibly pulled apart, as by means of a generally U-shaped slider 319. (U.S. Patent 3,806,998, Col. 2, lines 36-41).

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The slider 319 includes a flat back plate 320 adapted to run along free edges 321 on the upper ends of the sections of the flange portions 308 and 309 as shown in the drawing. (U.S. Patent 3,806,998, Col. 2, lines 41-46). Integrally formed with the back plate 320 and extending in the same direction (downwardly as shown) therefrom are respective coextensive side walls 322 with an intermediate spreader finger 323 extending in the same direction as the side walls at one end of the slider. (U.S. Patent 3,806,998, Col. 2, lines 46-51). The side walls 322 are in the form of panels which are laterally divergent from a narrower end of the slider. (U.S. Patent 3,806,998, Col. 2, lines 51-55). The

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slider walls 322 are each provided with an inwardly projecting shoulder structure 324 flange adapted to engage respective shoulder ribs 325 and 327 on respectively outer sides of the lower section of the flange portions 308 and 309. (U.S. Patent 3,806,998, Col. 2, line 66 to Co. 3, line 3).

In accordance with the invention, the head 310 may be a first color and the groove element 307 may be a second color or no color. In another embodiment, the head 310 and/or the groove element 307 may be a first color and the fastening strips may include a flange or flanges as noted above which may be a second color or no color as noted above.

Additionally, the interlocking fastening strips may comprise "profile" fastening strips, as shown in Fig. 8 and described in U.S. Patent 5,664,299. As shown in FIG. 8, the first profile 416 has at least an uppermost closure element 416a and a bottommost closure element 416b. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 3, lines 25-27). The closure elements 416a and 416b project laterally from the inner surface of strip 414. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 3, lines 27-28). Likewise, the second profile 417 has at least an uppermost closure element 417a and a bottommost closure element 417b. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 3, lines 28-30). The closure elements 417a and 417b project laterally from the inner surface of strip 415. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 3, lines 30-32). When the bag is closed, the closure elements of profile 416 interlock with the corresponding closure elements of profile 417. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 3, lines 32-34). As shown in FIG. 8, closure elements 416a, 416b, 417a and 417b have hooks on the ends of the closure elements, so

that the profiles remain interlocked when the bag is closed, thereby forming a seal. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 3, lines 34-37).

5 The straddling slider 410 comprises an inverted U-shaped member having a top 420 for moving along the top edges of the strips 414 and 415. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 4, lines 1-3). The slider 410 has side walls 421 and 422 depending from the top 420. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 4, lines 3-4). A separating leg 423 depends from the top 420 between the side walls 421 and 422 and is located between the uppermost closure elements 416a and 417a of profiles 416 and 417. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 4, lines 26-30). The fastening assembly includes ridges 425 on the outer surfaces of the fastening strips 414 and 415, and shoulders 421b and 422b on the side walls of the slider. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 4, lines 62-65). The shoulders act as means for maintaining the slider in straddling relation with the fastening strips by grasping the lower surfaces of the ridges 425. (U.S. Patent 5,664,299, Col. 5, lines 4-7).

In accordance with the invention, the uppermost closure element 417a may be a first color and the first profile 416 or a portion thereof may be a second color or no color.

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Also, the interlocking fastening strips may be "rolling action" fastening strips as shown in Fig. 9 and described in U.S. Patent 5,007,143. The strips 514 and 515 include profiled tracks 518 and 519 extending along the length thereof parallel to the rib and groove elements 516 and 517 and the rib and groove elements 516, 517 have complimentary cross-sectional shapes such that they are closed by pressing

the bottom of the elements together first and then rolling the elements to a closed position toward the top thereof. (U.S. Patent 5,007,143, Col. 4, line 62 to Col. 5, line 1). The rib element 516 is hook shaped and projects from the inner face of strip 514. (U.S. Patent 5,007,143, Col. 5, lines 1-3). The groove element 517 includes a lower hook-shaped projection 517a and a relatively straight projection 517b which extend from the inner face of strip 515. (U.S. Patent 5,007,143, Col. 5, lines 3-6). The profiled tracks 518 and 519 are inclined inwardly toward each other from their respective strips 514 and 515. (U.S. Patent 5,007,143, Col. 5, lines 6-8).

The straddling slider 510 comprises an inverted U-shaped plastic member having a back 520 for moving along the top edges of the tracks 518 and 519 with side walls 521 and 522 depending therefrom for cooperating with the tracks and extending from an opening end of the slider to a closing end. (U.S. Patent 5,007,143, Col. 5, lines 26-31). A separator finger 523 depends from the back 520 between the side walls 521 and 522 and is inserted between the inclined tracks 518 and 519. (U.S. Patent 5,007,143, Col. 5, lines 34-36). The slider 510 has shoulders 521a and 522a projecting inwardly from the depending side walls 521 and 522 which are shaped throughout the length thereof for cooperation with the depending separator finger 523 in creating the rolling action in opening and closing the reclosable interlocking rib and groove profile elements 516 and 517. (U.S. Patent 5,007,143, Col. 5, lines 43-49).

In accordance with the invention, the projection 517b may have a first color and the track 518 or the entire rib element 514 may have a second color or no color.

5 Although several interlocking fastening strip
embodiments have been specifically described and illustrated
herein, it will be readily appreciated by those skilled in
the art that other kinds, types, or forms of fastening
strips may be used without departing from the scope or
10 spirit of the present invention.

The interlocking fastening strips may be manufactured
by extrusion through a die.

15 The interlocking fastening strips may be formed from
any suitable thermoplastic material including, for example,
polyethylene, polypropylene, nylon, or the like, or from a
combination thereof. Thus, resins or mixtures of resins such
as high density polyethylene, medium density polyethylene,
20 and low density polyethylene may be employed to prepare the
interlocking fastening strips. For example, the fastening
strips may be made from low density polyethylene.

25 The fastening strips may be appropriately colored using
a suitable colorant such as a dye or pigment.

30 When the fastening strips are used in a sealable bag,
the fastening strips and the films that form the body of the
bag may be conveniently manufactured from heat sealable
material. In this way, the bag may be economically formed by
using an aforementioned thermoplastic material and by heat
sealing the fastening strips to the bag. For example, the

bag may be made from a mixture of high pressure, low density polyethylene and linear, low density polyethylene.

5 The fastening strips may be manufactured by extrusion or other known methods. For example, the closure device may be manufactured as individual fastening strips for later attachment to the bag or may be manufactured integrally with the bag.

10 The fastening strips can be manufactured in a variety of forms to suit the intended use. The fastening strips may be integrally formed on the opposing sidewalls of the container or bag, or connected to the container by the use of any of many known methods. For example, a thermoelectric
15 device may be applied to a film in contact with the flange portion of the fastening strips or the thermoelectric device may be applied to a film in contact with the base portion of fastening strips having no flange portion, to cause a transfer of heat through the film to produce melting at the
20 interface of the film and a flange portion or base portion of the fastening strips. Suitable thermoelectric devices include heated rotary discs, traveling heater bands, resistance-heated slide wires, and the like. The connection between the film and the fastening strips may also be
25 established by the use of hot melt adhesives, hot jets of air to the interface, ultrasonic heating, or other known methods. The bonding of the fastening strips to the film stock may be carried out either before or after the film is U-folded to form the bag. In any event, such bonding is done prior to
30 side sealing the bag at the edges by conventional thermal cutting. In addition, the first and second fastening strips may be positioned on opposite sides of the film. Such an

embodiment would be suited for wrapping an object or a collection of objects such as wires. The first and second fastening strips may be positioned on the film in a generally parallel relationship with respect to each other, although
5 this will depend on the intended use.

The slider may be multiple parts and snapped together. In addition, the slider may be made from multiple parts and fused or welded together. The slider may also be a one piece
10 construction. The slider can be colored, opaque, translucent or transparent. The slider may be injection molded or made by any other method. The slider may be molded from any suitable plastic material, such as, nylon, polypropylene, polystyrene, acetal, toughened acetal, polyketone,
15 polybutylene terephthalate, high density polyethylene, polycarbonate or ABS (acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene).

From the foregoing it will be understood that modifications and variations may be effectuated to the disclosed structures - particularly in light of the foregoing
20 teachings - without departing from the scope or spirit of the present invention. As such, no limitation with respect to the specific embodiments described and illustrated herein is intended or should be inferred. In addition, all references
25 and copending applications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A closure device, comprising:
5 first and second fastening strips, the fastening strips have a longitudinal X axis, a transverse Y axis and a vertical Z axis, the fastening strips are arranged to be occluded over a predetermined length in the X axis, the first fastening strip includes a first portion with a first color,
10 the first color is not visible when viewed in the Z axis when the fastening strips are occluded.
2. The invention as in claim 1 wherein the first color is visible when viewed in the Z axis when the fastening
15 strips are deoccluded.
3. The invention as in claim 1 wherein the second fastening strip includes a second portion with the first color.
20
4. The invention as in claim 1 wherein the first fastening strip includes a third portion with a second color.
5. The invention as in claim 1 wherein the second
25 fastening strip includes a fourth portion with a second color.
6. The invention as in claim 1 wherein the first portion is a closure element.
30
7. The invention as in claim 4 wherein the third portion is a flange.

8. The invention as in claim 5 wherein the fourth portion is a flange.

5 9. The invention as in claim 1 wherein the first portion is a closure element, the second fastening strip includes a closure element with the first color, the first fastening strip includes a flange with a second color, the second fastening strip includes a flange with a second
10 color.

10. The invention as in claim 9 wherein the closure elements are U-channel closure elements, the flanges are located above the closure elements, the flanges extend
15 inward toward each other.

11 The invention as in claim 10 wherein the closure device includes a slider slidably disposed on the fastening strips, the slider facilitates occlusion of the fastening
20 strips.

12. The invention as in claim 1 wherein the closure device includes a slider slidably disposed on the fastening strips, the slider facilitates occlusion of the fastening
25 strips.

13. A container comprising:
first and second sidewalls joined to form a compartment with an opening;
30 first and second fastening strips respectively connected to the first and second sidewalls at the opening,

the fastening strips have a longitudinal X axis, a transverse Y axis and a vertical Z axis, the fastening strips are arranged to be occluded over a predetermined length in the X axis, the first fastening strip includes a first
5 portion with a first color, the first color is not visible when viewed in the Z axis when the fastening strips are occluded.

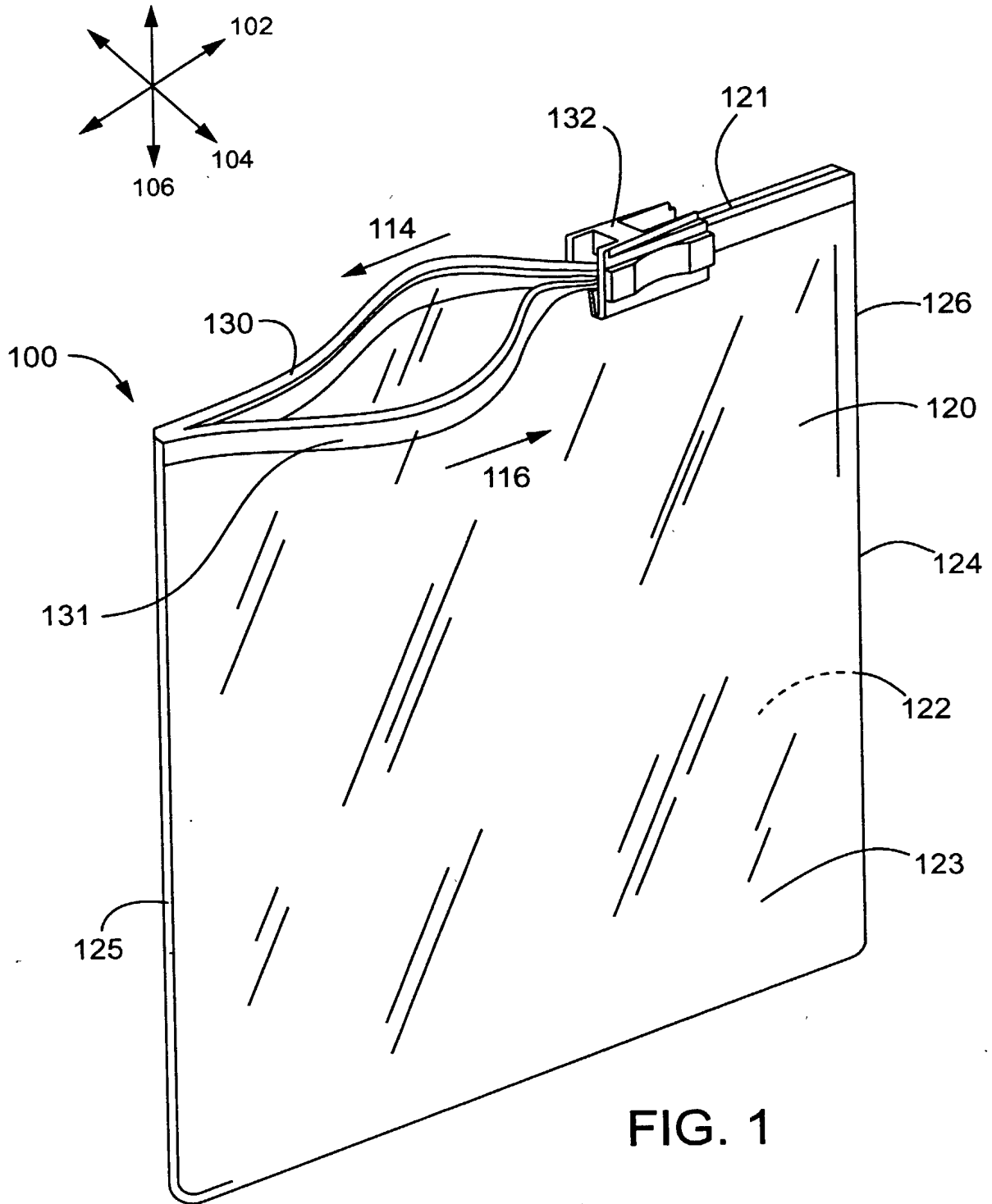
14. A method of manufacturing a closure device,
10 comprising:

providing first and second fastening strips, the fastening strips have a longitudinal X axis, a transverse Y axis and a vertical Z axis, the fastening strips are arranged to be occluded over a predetermined length in the X axis,
15 providing the first fastening strip includes a first portion with a first color, the first color is not visible when viewed in the Z axis when the fastening strips are occluded.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The closure device includes interlocking fastening
5 strips. The closure device may include a slider slidably
disposed on the fastening strips for facilitating the
occlusion and deocclusion of the fastening strips. The
fastening strips include a first color for facilitating
visual confirmation of occlusion of the fastening strips.
10 The visible indication of occlusion will be observed from the
top of the closure device. If the fastening strips are
properly occluded, then the first color will not be visible
by viewing the top of the closure device. The first color
will be observed from the top of the closure device when the
15 bag is deoccluded.

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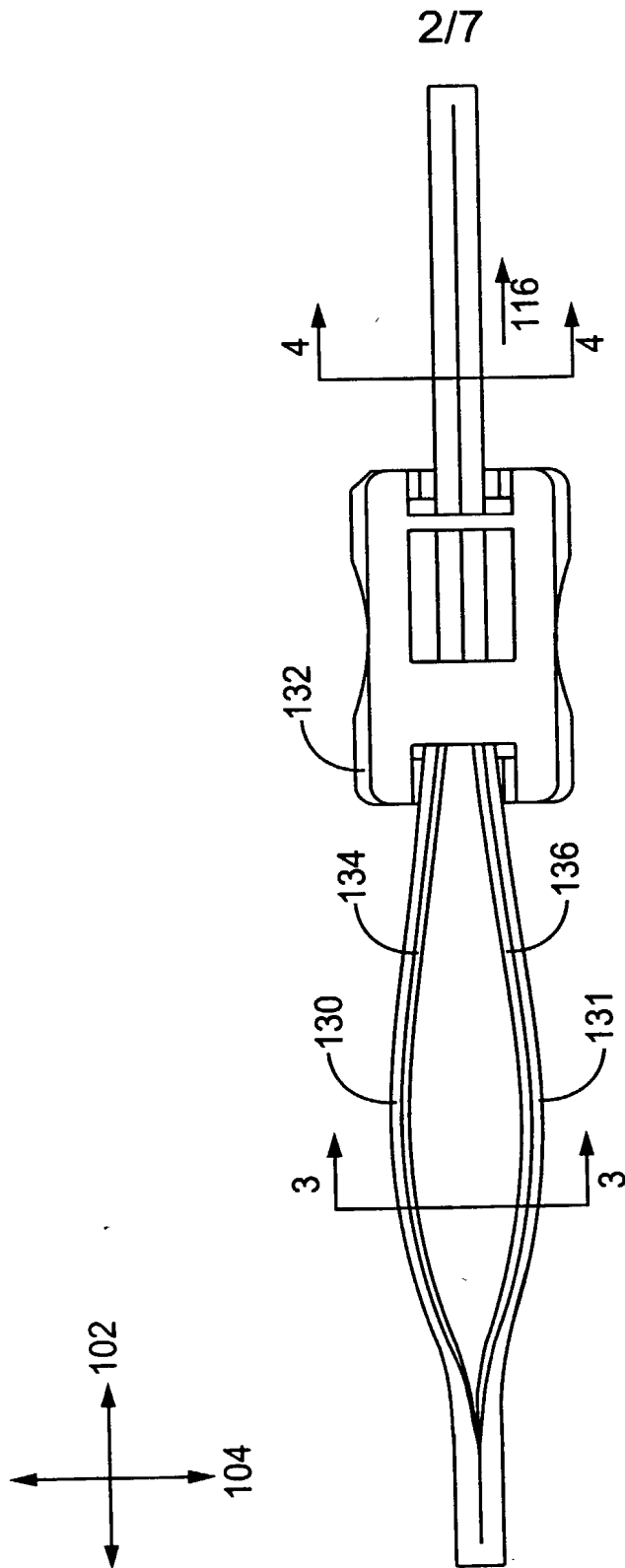
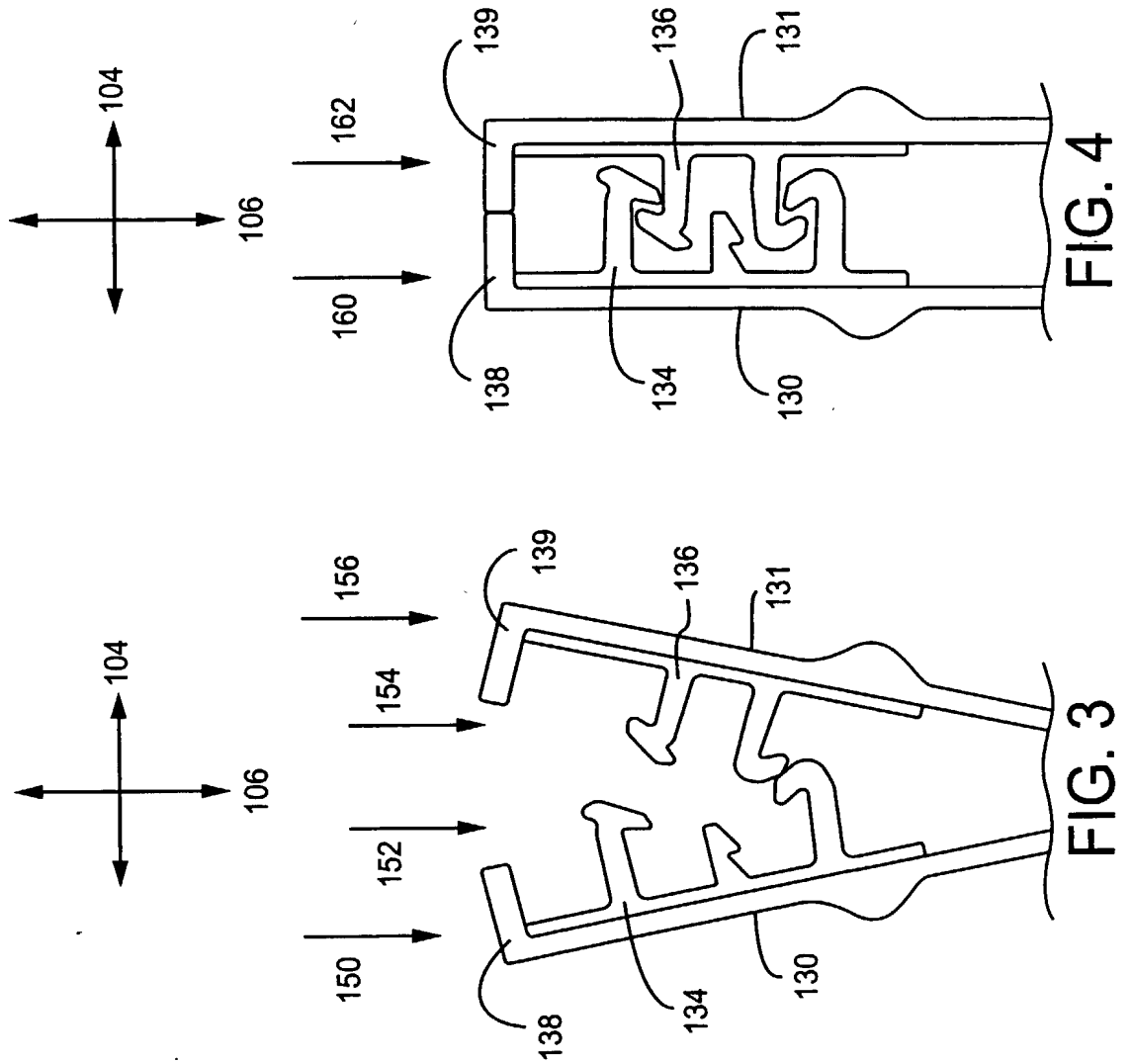


FIG. 2

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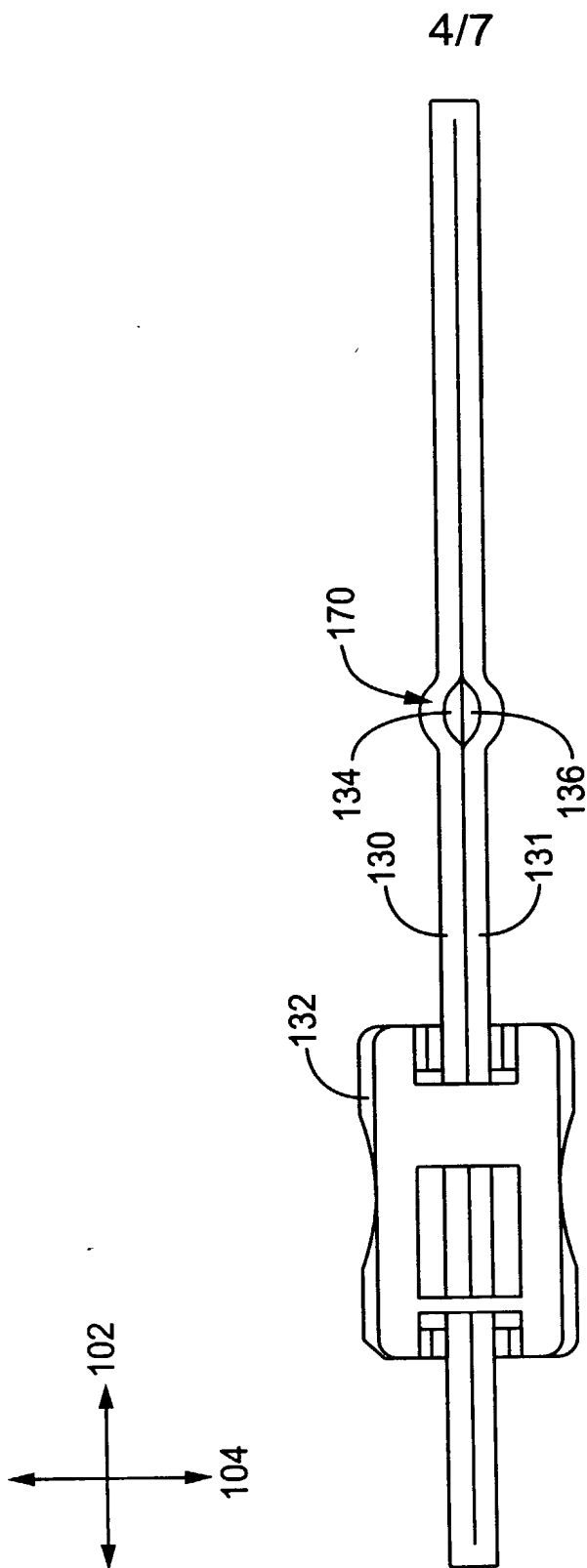
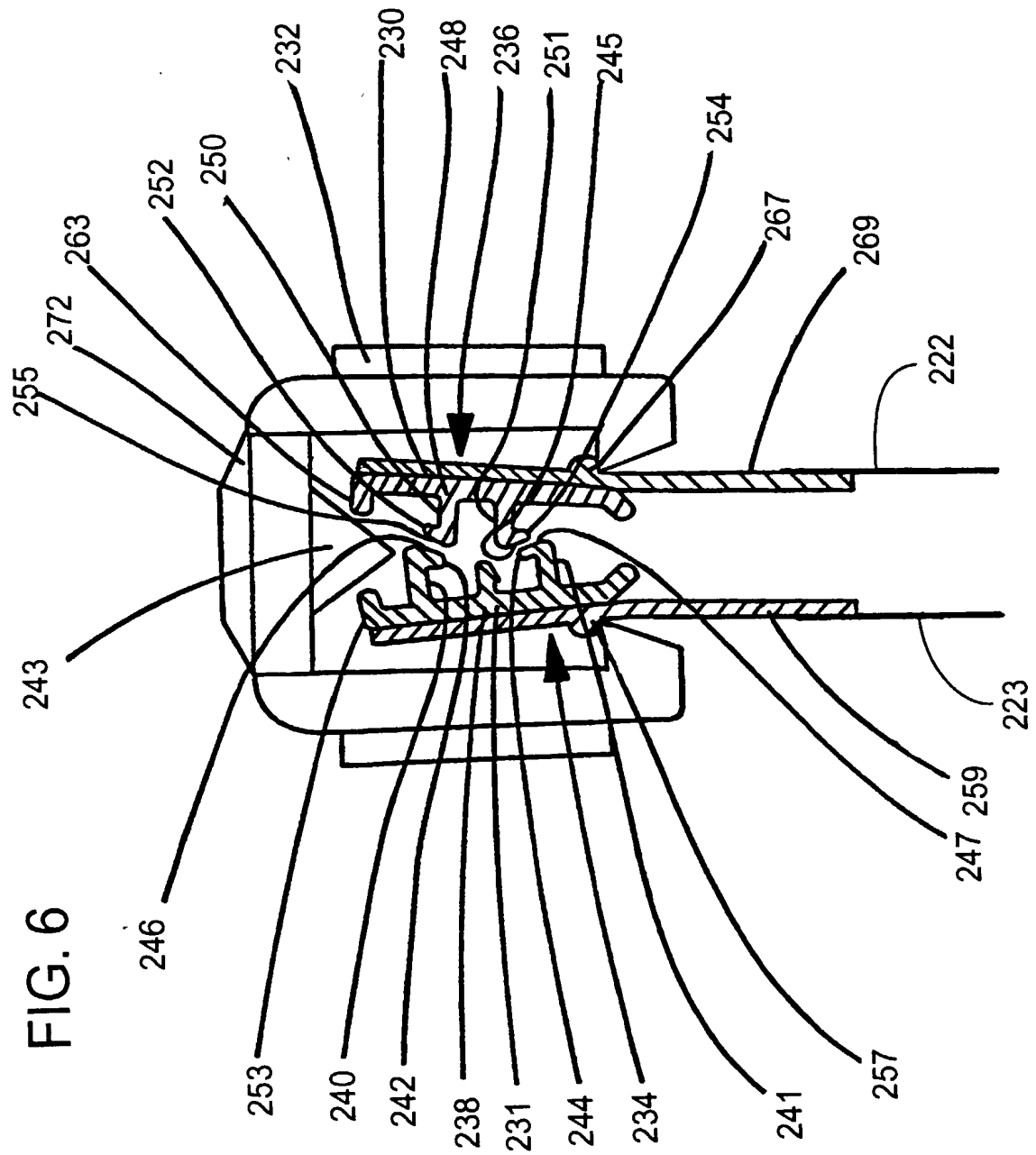


FIG. 5



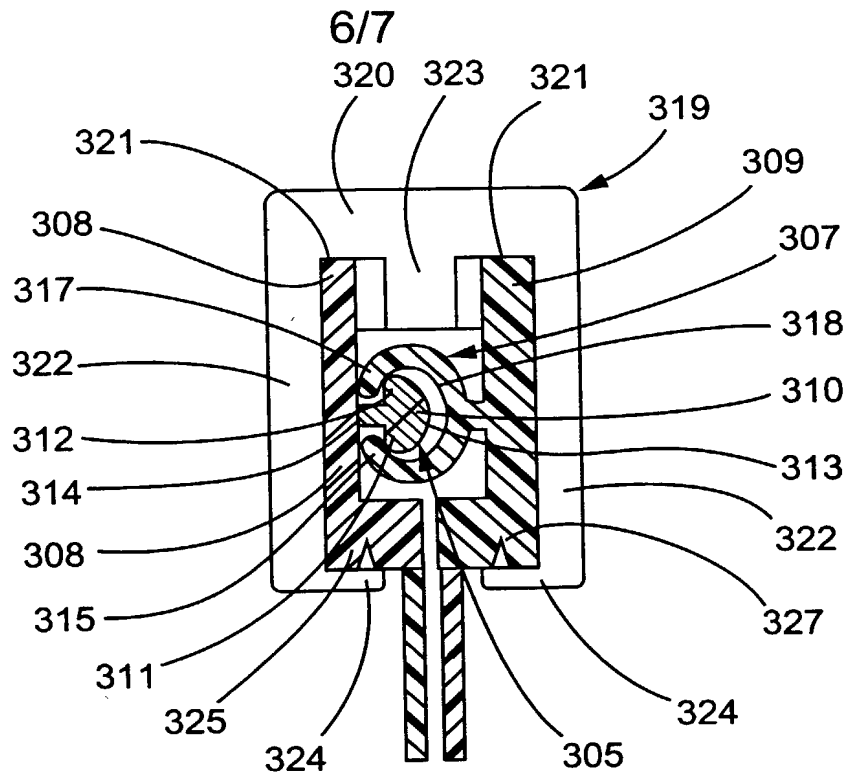


FIG. 7

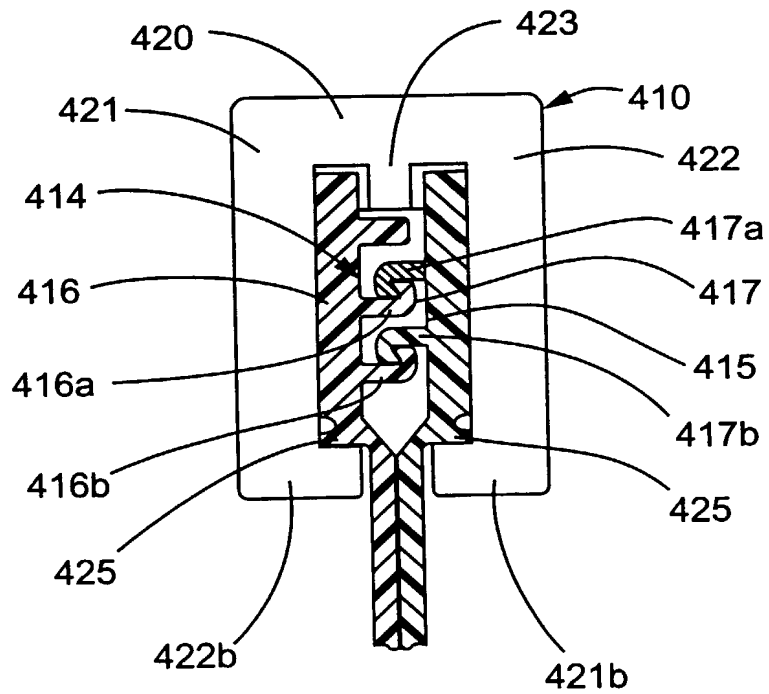


FIG. 8

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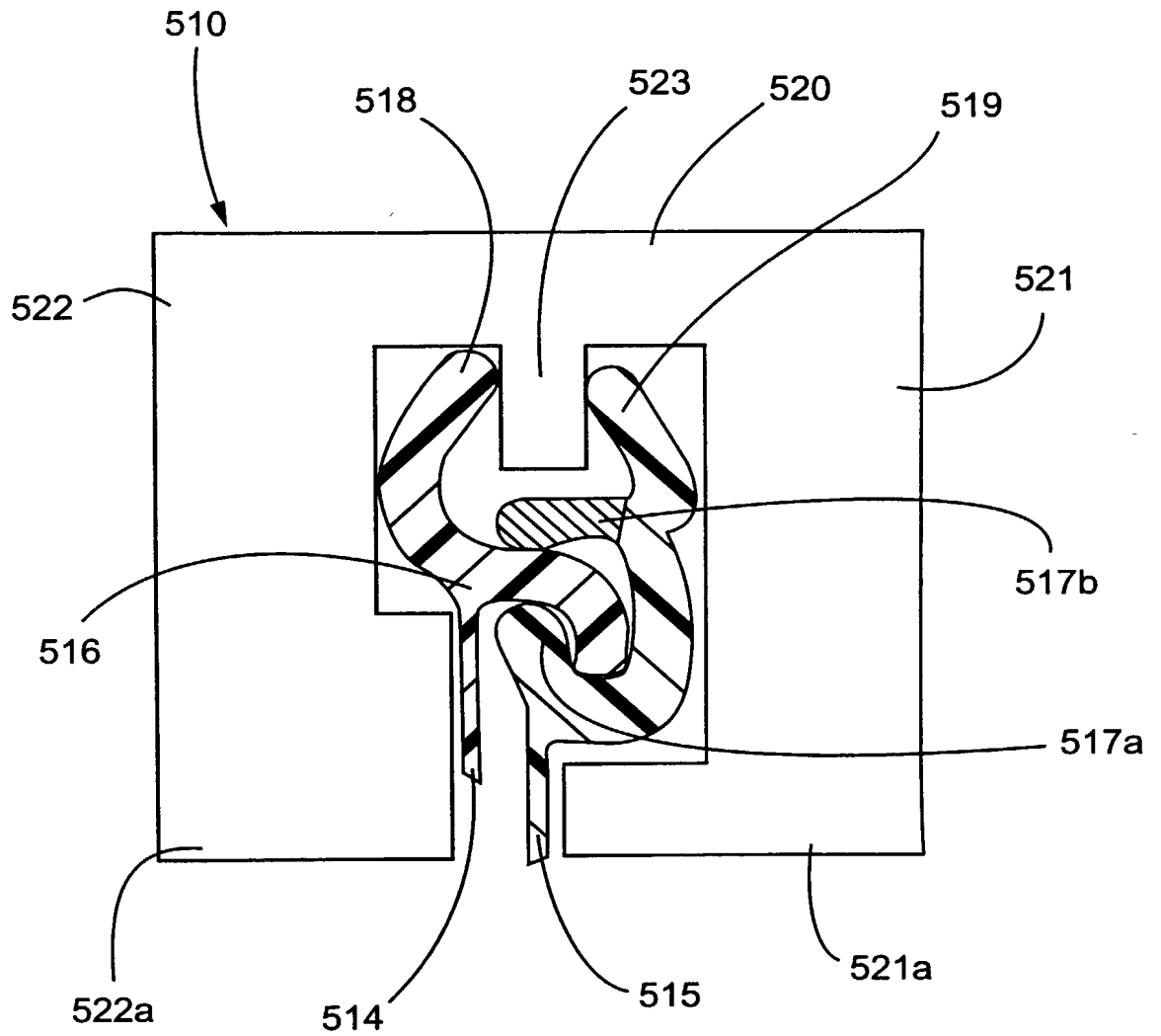


FIG. 9

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
(ORIGINAL, DESIGN, NATIONAL STAGE OF PCT, SUPPLEMENTAL, DIVISIONAL,
CONTINUATION, OR C-I-P)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

TYPE OF DECLARATION

This declaration is for a national stage of PCT application.

INVENTORSHIP IDENTIFICATION

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below, next to my name. I believe that I am an original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter that is claimed, and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

TITLE OF INVENTION

CLOSURE DEVICE

SPECIFICATION IDENTIFICATION

The specification was described and claimed in PCT International Application No. PCT/US00/15566, filed on June 6, 2000.

SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION (37 C.F.R. SECTION 1.67(b))

I hereby declare that the subject matter of the attached amendment was part of my/our invention and was invented before the filing date of the original application, above identified, for such invention.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF REVIEW OF PAPERS AND DUTY OF CANDOR

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information, which is material to patentability as defined in 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56, and which is material to the examination of this application, namely, information where there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable Examiner would consider it important in deciding whether to allow the application to issue as a patent, and in compliance with this duty, there is attached an information disclosure statement, in accordance with 37 C.F.R. Section 1.98.

**ALL FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY, FILED MORE THAN 12 MONTHS
(6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO THIS U.S. APPLICATION**

PCT/US00/15566

**CLAIM FOR BENEFIT OF EARLIER U.S./PCT APPLICATION(S)
UNDER 35 U.S.C. SECTION 120**

I hereby claim the benefit, under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120, of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information that occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

| PRIOR U.S. APPLICATIONS OR PCT INTERNATIONAL APPLICATIONS DESIGNATING THE U.S. FOR BENEFIT UNDER 35 U.S.C. SECTION 120: | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| U.S. APPLICATIONS | | Status | | |
| U.S. APPLICATIONS | U.S. FILING DATE | Patented | Pending | Abandoned |
| | | | | |
| PCT APPLICATION DESIGNATING THE U.S. | | | | |
| PCT APPLICATION NO. | PCT FILING DATE | U.S. APPLICATION NOS. ASSIGNED (IF ANY) | | |
| PCT/US00/15566 | 6 JUN 00 | | | |

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I hereby appoint the following practitioner(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

APPOINTED PRACTITIONER(S)

REGISTRATION NUMBER(S)

3 Thomas C. Feix

34,592

Joel J. Hayashida

30,765

Mazza J. Mazza

30,775

I hereby appoint the practitioner(s) associated with the Customer Number provided below to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO

DIRECT TELEPHONE CALLS TO:

Thomas C. Feix
510-271-7416

Thomas C. Feix
P.O. Box 24305
Oakland, CA 94623-1305

Customer Number 27023

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

SIGNATURE(S)

1-00
Alan F. Savicki
Inventor's signature

Date 2/4/02

Residence Oswego, Illinois

Post Office Address 324 Millstream Lane,
Oswego, Illinois 60543

Alan F. Savicki

Country of Citizenship US

IL